

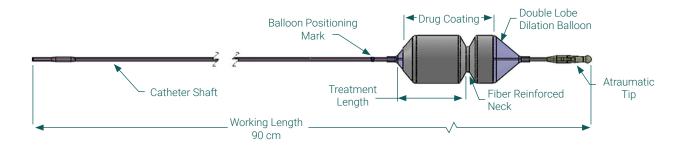


PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Optilume[®] BPH Catheter Sy<u>stem</u>

Description

The Optilume[®] BPH Catheter System is a combination drug/device minimally invasive surgical therapy (MIST) comprised of an uncoated pre-dilation balloon catheter and a separate drug coated balloon (DCB) catheter. The distal end of each catheter has a semi-compliant, inflatable, double lobe balloon that is used to dilate the prostate. The double-lobe DCB catheter is coated with a proprietary coating containing the active pharmaceutical agent paclitaxel. The drug coating covers the working length of the balloon body.



Indications for Use

The Optilume® BPH Catheter System is indicated for the treatment of obstructive urinary symptoms associated with Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) in men ≥50 years of age.

Contraindications

The Optilume® BPH Catheter System is contraindicated for use in:

- · Patients with known hypersensitivity to paclitaxel or structurally related compounds
- · Patients with an active urinary tract infection
- · Patients with an artificial urinary sphincter
- Patients with a penile prosthesis

Storage

The Optilume[®] BPH Catheter System should be stored at room temperature between 15°C and 30°C (59°F and 86°F) in a dry location in its original packaging. The device should be used prior to the "Use By" date on the package label.





UROLOGY & UROGYNECOLOGY

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

PRODUCT USAGE					
System Compatibility	Minimum 19.5 Fr rigid cystoscope sheath				
Procedure Type	Balloon Dilation				
CERTIFICATION					
PMA Number	P220029				
PMA Approval Date	June 30, 2023				
FDA Classification Rule	Class III				
TECHNICAL DATA					
Balloon Lengths	30, 35, 40, 45 mm				
Balloon Diameters	90 Fr (30 mm)				
Rated Burst Pressure	All sizes: 4 atm				
Crossing Profile	14.5 Fr				
Catheter Design	Fixed Wire				
Catheter Length	90 cm				
Balloon Markers	Blue positioning marker used to position the balloon within the Prostatic Urethra (see IFU for procedural steps)				

TECHNICAL DATA cont.					
Drug	Paclitaxel				
Drug Dose	2.4 ug/mm ²				
Drug Coated Area	Balloon Body (Shown by shaded area in image)				
MATERIAL					
Catheter Principal Elements	Pebax, Nylon 12, Stainless Steel, Silicone				
STERILIZATION					
Single Use/Disposable	Yes				
Sterile	Yes, Ethylene Oxide				
Place of Sterilization	Steris Applied Sterilization Technologies, Coon Rapids, Minnesota				
Shelf Life	 Pre-dilation Catheter: 24 months DCB Catheter: 24 months 				
PACKAGING					
Package Material	Tyvek® and PET/LDPE/Nylon composite				
Quantity Per Box	One (1) catheter				

The Optilume BPH Catheter System is provided as a convenience kit, containing one pre-dilation balloon catheter, one DCB catheter, a single-use inflation device and the accessories needed to complete a procedure.

Catalogue Number	Description	Pre-dilation Catheter Size	DCB Catheter Size	Rated Burst Pressure (RBP)	Paclitaxel Dose (µg)
1189-30030	Optilume® BPH Prostatic Dilation Kit 30 x 30 mm	90 Fr (30mm) x 30 mm	90 Fr (30mm) x 30 mm	4 atm	10,262
1189-30035	Optilume® BPH Prostatic Dilation Kit 30 x 35 mm	90 Fr (30mm) x 30 mm	90 Fr (30mm) x 35 mm	4 atm	11,433
1189-30040	Optilume® BPH Prostatic Dilation Kit 30 x 40 mm	90 Fr (30mm) x 30 mm	90 Fr (30mm) x 40 mm	4 atm	12,567
1189-30045	Optilume® BPH Prostatic Dilation Kit 30 x 45 mm	90 Fr (30mm) x 30 mm	90 Fr (30mm) x 45 mm	4 atm	13,661

The Optilume BPH Catheter System is indicated for the treatment of obstructive urinary symptoms associated with Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia (BPH) in men \geq 50 years of age. The Optilume BPH Catheter System is contraindicated for use in: Patients with known hypersensitivity to paclitaxel or structurally related compounds, patients with an active urinary tract infection, patients with an artificial urinary sphincter, or patients with a penile prosthesis. The Optilume BPH DCB contains paclitaxel, a known genotoxic aneugen capable of causing chromosomal abnormalities in sperm. Paclitaxel is present in semen for an extended duration after treatment with Optilume BPH. The risks associated with these paclitaxel concentrations in semen are unknown. The effect of treatment with the Optilume BPH DCB on sperm and spermatogenesis is also unknown. Men should abstain from sex or use barrier contraception (wear a condom) for 30 days post treatment to avoid exposure of sexual partner to paclitaxel. Paclitaxel may still be present at low levels after 30 days. Potential adverse effects after treatment with the Optilume BPH Catheter System are similar to standard cystoscopic procedures and mechanical dilation and include, but are not limited to fever, bleeding, pain, urinary tract infection, false route of the urethra, dysuria, difficult urination, frequency/urgency/irritative urinary symptoms, urinary retention and related symptoms, blood in urine (hematuria), urinary incontinence, urethrorrhagia, blood in semen (hematospermia), ejaculatory dysfunction, bladder perforation, urethral and/or bladder neck strictures, injury or perforation to the urethra, sphincter or prostatic capsule, and inflammation of genitourinary system (prostatitis, orchitis, balanitis).

*Trans-women, with or without gender reassignment, may have a prostate. If BPH is diagnosed in a trans-woman, this is managed in the same way as for cisgender men.

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